



K-12 SCHOOLS SYMPTOM SCREENING: Parent/Guardian Attestation

Child's First Name: _____ Child's Last Name: _____

Parent/Guardian First Name: _____ Parent/Guardian Last Name: _____

1. Has your child had close contact (within 6 feet for a cumulative total of 15 minutes or more) in the last 14 days with someone diagnosed with COVID-19, or has any health department or health care provider been in contact with you and advised quarantine for your child?

☐ Yes > The child should not be at school. The child can return after completing ALL requirements in the DPH's "Return to School and Child Care Guidance After COVID-19 Illness or Exposure"

☐ No > The child can be at school if the child is not experiencing symptoms.

2. Does your child have any ONE of the below symptoms?

☐ Fever ($\geq 100.4^{\circ}\text{F}$) or chills

☐ New cough

☐ Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing

☐ New loss of taste or smell

3. Does your child have any TWO of the below symptoms?

☐ Sore throat

☐ Nausea

☐ Vomiting

☐ Diarrhea

☐ Muscle or body aches

☐ Chills

☐ Fatigue

☐ New severe/very bad headache

☐ New nasal congestion/stuffy or runny nose

If a child has any of these symptoms, they should stay home, stay away from other people, and you should call the child's health care provider.

4. Since they were last at school, has your child been diagnosed with COVID-19?

☐ Yes

If a child is diagnosed with COVID-19 based on a test, their symptoms, or does not get a COVID-19 test but has had symptoms, they should not be at school and

☐ No

should stay at home until they meet the criteria below.

A child can return to school when a family member can ensure that they can answer YES to ALL three questions:

☐ Has it been at least 10 days since the child first had symptoms?

☐ Has it been at least 24 hours since the child had a fever (without using fever reducing medicine)?

☐ Has it been at least 24 hours since the child's symptoms have improved, including cough and shortness of breath?

We protect lives.

If a child has had a negative COVID-19 test, they can return to school once there is no fever without the use of fever-reducing medicines and they have felt well for 24 hours.

If a child has been diagnosed with COVID-19 but does not have symptoms, they should remain out of school until 10 days have passed since the date of their first positive COVID-19 diagnostic test, assuming they have not subsequently developed symptoms since their positive test.

If a child has been determined to have been in close contact with someone diagnosed with COVID-19, they should remain out of school and extracurricular activities until they have completed all requirements in the DPH guidance for persons exposed to COVID-19 found at <https://dph.georgia.gov/contact>.

I attest that the following information is true to the best of my knowledge as of:

____ / ____ / ____ , ____ : ____ AM PM Signature: _____
MONTH DAY YEAR TIME CIRCLE ONE